A CUSTOMIZED FRAMEWORK TO ENHANCE STUDENTS ENGAGEMENT IN COLLABORATIVE LEARNING SPACE IN HIGHER EDUCATION

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Abstract

The developing technology has influenced and enhanced the life around us, so the use of the digital resources must not be hindered to serve the educational, teaching and learning sectors, in the modern times more emphasis is laid on the ways of education, relating to the teaching and learning techniques or methods used in the institutions, colleges or universities, on how the learning and teaching methods be enhanced so the students learn more comfortably and in a better way suiting their capacity or learning demands. As well, it will help the teachers to convey the topic concepts in a more relevant way to the students, helping them understand better and learn in an effective way.

For this concept of enhancement in teaching and learning, many steps are been taken around the globe, many methods are been used like for instance the flip teaching technique, where the students are required to go through the learning material provided by the teacher to further explore the concepts, which are explained during the classes. Other methods include research-based learning, and many more, but in the current course of time, individual traits of students when it comes to learning is often neglected, due to which the students find it difficult to understand and learn better, due to each student being unique and having various personalities and mindsets. A framework must be devised to enhance the earning ability of students based on the personalities. Modern technological tools must be used to support in the direction of teaching based on individual's personalities and mindsets. Various groups can be formed of the students who fall into a certain category, teaching methods must be devised and quality checks must be ensured. Their learning outcomes must be measured based on their teaching methods implemented by the teachers.

Keywords: Education Technology, E-learning, Collaborative Learning environment, Innovation in Teaching and Learning, Smart Education
1 INTRODUCTION

The latest model of teaching and learning in almost every higher education institution has a part of collaborative learning space. While designing any assessment with group component, teachers need to make sure that the exercise goes smoothly during and after the session. Although many existing models are available, still there are chances when it becomes difficult for a teacher to assess individual contribution in the group assessment or any other exercise done in collaborative learning environment.

In this paper authors have suggested a detailed framework with title “Butterfly framework for collaborative learning space” and explained various implications of its usage in real time.

2 RELATED STUDY

There are many types of assessment in education and there brief examples are included in this video like formative assessment which is for quick check of understand examples are brainstorming and thumps up/down, summative assessment for long term goals e.g.: midterms, unit tests, projects etc., Diagnostic assessment pre course test to get prior knowledge of students, formal assessment are strict and examples are standardized test , informal assessment, behavioral assessment are common in special students classes, rating scales where scores are based on rating, emotional assessment target on the emotions of the students and e.g. is a checklist and questionnaires, screening assessment is based on RTI response to intervention which is gaining popularity, Authentic assessment require settings which are authentic speech, report, interview etc., Performance based assessment based on ability to achieve academic tasks . apart from this other sometimes students work in group and may require individual expression so assessments for this scenario include IEPS is a common example, criterion referenced test aka carts, norm assessment compares students based on demographics. (Education, 2016)

This video review was helpful in noting the various assessment techniques and there example which are explained briefly and give an idea of what type of assessments are suitable in what context and for what kind of individuals, many of these assessment techniques can be enhanced or based on this simple techniques new framework can be implemented.

In this Ted talk video by Mr.Joe Ruhl, who has 37 years of experience in teaching he explains how it would be better to move from a teacher centered classroom to a student centered classroom. To be more of a guide on the side than a lecturer on stage, be a mentor not merely for teaching only and open opportunities to more. And focus more on choices, which gives opportunities for the students to express themselves more fearlessly, they should choices, and he emphasized on the concept of 5 cs, which are choices, collaboration, communication, critical thinking and creativity. He believes it we are made in learning this way having the 5 c’s in it. We all love choices, and a student learning system should be developed which must be having these elements combined to encourage inspiration. He also emphasized that there are two types of techniques we require, which are relationship based teaching technique and the other is relationship based, the latter is huge. (Ruhl, 2015)

We should be more responsive to the initiated ideas of the students and listen to their desired thoughts, to work as a guide on the side. Which will enable them to express the students’ more effectively. Traditional standards of teaching are important but it must not hinder the creativity of students and limit their performances. Students must remember most, and must not struggle to just pass out a course work.

It was a very helpful speech by Mr.Joe Ruhl, which is to give more importance to the new innovative standard suiting as per the demands of the student majority, it must not be based on the normal standard procedures, which are not letting the students make the most out of their self-creativity. A teaching framework must be based on the mind-sets and phycology of students, which methods are they most comfortable with. And which framework suits them based, they must have choices, they must be able to explore their creativity, they must be able to think critically, which will help them to communicate and collaborate with confidence.

The teacher’s responsibility is to identify the needs and problems of the student with the acquisition of knowledge. Tools are used to teach computer equipment for better understand the students, which enables the students to visualize the actual work inside the equipment for enhancing their cognitive skills (Kazmi, Hayat, Hasan, & Dattana, 2017) (Siddiqui, Hasan, Mahmood, & Khan, 2012) (Hasan & Mahmood, 2012). Collecting footprints the student leaves for the measure of their academic progress, helping facilitators with the detailed student’s data with instantaneous feedback (Hasan, Ali, & Hayat, 2015). Study shows activity-based learning to increase student involvement and learning experience in which the teacher observed the impact of teaching and learning (Hayat, Hasan, Ali, & Kaleem, 2017). The learning environment is designed

This framework comes under the domain of design thinking, and is based on looking, listening and learning, which is the first phase. To reach the goal which is awareness, and they will have questions to ask, so the second phase is questioning, to clear doubts and for more clarity of the concepts, it emphasis the students to take the research based approach, e.g. Analyze the data, brainstorm, read articles. The navigation is done based on learning. The next phase is of creating prototype, which can be anything the student is involved in as per the specialization, highlight the successful part and the negative failing part, and then in the launch the product or project. (Spencer, 2016)

This process is important to study and know that design thinking is important when it comes to teaching and learning, it can convey the concept more relevantly and it can help the student enhance there cognitive ability. To encourage creativity deployment in what they are going to do. Research is very important, as it is an individual takes even if they are working in groups they have to use some skills to understand the concept, to play their part, this is in the end enhancing the students ability to learn and understand the concept and play a better role in groups, and when these students are assessed, they will be able to better present themselves with confidence and true achievement. These methodology of design thinking must be implemented for enhancing the education of the students, and see better results in individual assessments and the group assessments.

The toxic education system culture. Once we know the flaws, we can find a solution, ignorance must be ignored. If we need innovations and improvements in the society, may that be any field or domain of interest. Let’s come down to education system and education of students, the norms that describe the education system. In this video, Mr. Joshua Katz, a math teacher belonging to Orange county, it is highly research based talk and a power speech on the ignorance of the society, what should be improved and what are trying to improve, are two different things. The education system was labelled a failure because they hindered the development of cognitive abilities of students, the policies were not research based, and surely didn’t keep in mind the end user of the system, who are the teachers and the students. The students fear to conduct any challenging tasks but follow the normal routine of well-educated classes, the students must taught the topic of interest and should be allowed to experience the field work to get an end idea of living on these future professions. (Katz, 2014)

A collaborate peer review of teachers must be exercised just like in any other professions, to review the students work and the state of mind and interests, to check the current framework of education used and what changes must be made to improve the system, and encourage the innovation. Which can increase the individual ability of students rather than just achieving the grade to pass out. An education system based to enhance the student ability is important rather than implementing a system which is not based on the end users interests. (Katz, 2014)

So why student’s ability should be based on biased understanding of the education system. This ted talk speech is highly motivational to know the root causes of the failed education system, and how it can be improved, why it is highly required to devise a framework which can enhance productivity and real education based on the true achievement of students. It is more important to get the students educated than getting them enrolled.

3 ANALYSIS

Questionnaire is a very important and effective tool for data collection and feedback collection, the responses can easily be converted into graphs and charts for analysis. Google forms helps to develop questionnaires, share and then later also demonstrates graph outputs.

Before planning the design of proposed system, a survey was conducted among 53 students from various higher education institutions across the country (Oman) to assess their point of view on this proposed implementation.

53 responses were collected and then evaluated which proved the following results:-

As shown in Fig 3.1, over 63.5% responses were no, and 32.7% yes, and the remaining sometimes yes (1%) and to an extent (1%). It can be concluded from the answers that the current mode of teaching more improvements, which should be relevant to all the students.
Fig. 3.1 – Question 1

Fig. 3.2 shows that 69.2% said yes and 30.8% said no, majority said they were aware of the various teaching methods. While the minority in them stated they are unaware of various techniques and methods.

Fig 3.2 – Question 2

Fig 3.3 shows various teaching methods awareness rates.

Out of the ones who said they are aware of the teaching methods, the most high rate is of flip teaching (77.8%), which is the current technique used in the college, and the least rate is of role plays (13%).

Fig. 3.3 – Question 3
Responses seen in Fig. 3.4 shows the importance of assessment for encouraging true individual contribution of students:

Impact of individual contribution assessment on learning

Do you think Individual contribution assessment is necessary to know the true achievement of the student?
52 responses

![Pie chart showing 92.3% agreed “yes” and 7.7% said “no”](image)

Fig. 3.4 – Question 4

Fig. 3.4 shows that 92.3% agreed “yes” and 7.7% said “no”, it can be seen that the majority have agreed on the importance of individual contribution assessment, and the minority did not refer to it. Which is important notification for the individual assessment framework.

Fig. 3.5 shows that 90.4% agreed while the other 9.6% disagreed, the majority here too have agreed upon individual assessment being a positive and effective step.

Do you think that modern tools can be used for assessing individual contribution of students?
52 responses

![Pie chart showing 94.2% agreed](image)

Fig. 3.5 – Question 5

Fig. 3.6 shows that 94.2% agreed on it and the remaining 5.8 % disagreed. Which concludes that the modern tools can be used to create an assessment system or the system developed must have an contribution assessment framework implemented to enhance the eLearning and the education of the students. By improving their performances.
As seen in Fig 3.7, 78.8% said yes and the other 21.2% said no, majority have agreed on the fact that individual efforts are often neglected during group works, and hard work done by the students are not known, due to grouped presentation, and there are many issues faced when distributing the tasks, and getting fruitful results by all the members, in fact some members don’t work or contribute much at all, and in the end all the members share the credit of effort of one or two hard working students. Multiple responses can be viewed below as follows.

The conclusion, from the questionnaire feedback analysis it can be studied that the students require a more suitable framework for learning individual assessment. A framework that is more relevant to the mind sets of the students and their personalities. It should be more student centered and should not only allow to get good grades, but improve concept learning and understanding. And the enhanced group works assessments should confirm the true contribution of students, based on the clarity and understanding of the job done by each of them, so that all get a fair share of their efforts, which will increase the confidence of students to express themselves.

4 PROPOSED FRAMEWORK

Butterfly framework for enhancing learning and teaching: As the name suggest the concept diagram seems like a butterfly. That is why this concept named after the butterfly. Centered processes flow from top to bottom, and the processes or actions which are represented on the right and left sides with curved arrows linking the blocks or actions seem like wings, identical wings. This framework is devised to view parallel work flow processes done by the two major actors: the students and teachers, per module. The framework follows Top to bottom approach. The rectangle represents the common process or the steps in which both the actors are involved in. At the beginning of a semester or course work, the actions of students and teachers go hand in, like the teacher comes to teach, the students attends the class. A lecture is given and a concept is understood etc.

The framework, as shown in Fig 4.1, is based on the structure of sessions, and the logical activities are represented with respective links on the sides. The series of activities involved as per the duty requirements
of the actors are assembled.

Corresponding to the above framework description

The top to bottom structure contains modules which are related to the session, starting from course work resumes, now in the course work the first module is class work procedure, in this module the series of activities are linked which are executed by the students and the teachers, meaning what each will do during this module, what are the tasks they need to perform in class work procedures.

4.1 Step1 Class work procedure

Student: In this module the Students attend the class and attend the lecture, they grasp knowledge, and after the class they fill the class evaluation form, in which they describe their understanding of the concepts taught in the class and whether or not they understood or not, they rate the understanding of the concepts explained, if they require a re-sesion or want to know the clarify there concepts they can refer to the lecturer by booking an office hour or if the majority of the students didn’t understood the lecture can be given again in another session or an extra class. This requests or actions can be confirmed by the tutor.

Teachers: in this module the Teachers gives lecture during the class and then assess the class evaluation form which are submitted by students after class, and which shows the ratings and comments given by the students on the understanding of the lecture and the concepts explained. If they require a re-class or want to understand or clarify the concepts, the teacher can confirm a meeting hour, office hour or a re-lecture in the next session if majority of the students require it. The teacher also evaluates the student's performances and activeness in the class and fills the remarks on the students, how well the students understood by checking the ratings by the students and the teacher also gives remarks on the student’s behavior during the class.

Note: this is a repetitive step and it will repeat weekly in every class till the course plan executes.

And more activities can be added as per the requirements.

4.2 Group work procedure

Students: In this module the students during this session makes group for the group assignment task, and then each one send the group work plan, which include group members decide what each member will do, each student submit their individual goals that the expect to achieve by individual participation in the group work, and each member states what they will do in this project, how they will complete it, and what is the duration they will complete there stated tasks. After describing all the details the student then resume the individual works while also participating in the group.

Teachers: the teacher checks the group, how many members are in them for the group related tasks, and then assess the individual plans of the group members within different groups, what each member will do, and how he/she will do it, and in what duration are they expecting to achieve the tasks done. What are their individual goals that they expect to fulfill.
4.3 Group work assessment module

Students: In this section the group members describe what they have achieved individually by checking the marks, and also describing what knowledge they have gained. Are they satisfied with the individual marks, and also describe what other group members have done which includes what the other members did (which part of the assignment and what was there contribution) and also describe how well they did it (They also rate and comment on the performance of other group members and their contribution.)

The teachers: the teacher here assesses the individual contribution of the students which is based on the understanding (by taking personal quizzes, viva, and presentation via online tool) by the concepts and the performance rating given by the tutor and the other members in the class. And then individual rating and marks to the members of the groups and also gives the marks of the total group assignment work.

And these modules are reusable, and can be used during classes, group works, and group work assessments any time till the course work completes.

5 BENEFITS OF PROPOSED FRAMEWORK

Some benefits of proposed framework are identified as follows:

- It is reusable, as it is a framework with loop structure.
- It gives the opportunity to add or remove the modules or processes that the teachers and students will perform during the classes, for group works, group work assessments, exams, individual assignments etc.
- It is not complicated.
- Self-prepared processes can be introduced and involved in any models, it almost seems like a self-paced model.
- Ease of making and viewing activities, generalization and linking the related ones.
- Ease of understand.
- Logical flow of process involved
- Structured based.
- Can be prepared for any session or modules, implementation as per user requirements.
- Ease of describing actor’s tasks or activities as per the modules.

6 CONCLUSION

It is really important to identify an appropriate methodology before devising any new teaching and learning strategy for an institution. It must make sure that all the learning outcomes are being covered and without complete test with favourable results, it should not implemented in real time.

The proposed framework could be really supportive specially for the teachers who are planning to conduct group based activities and assessments, in which they need to measure individual contribution. But the faculty must identify appropriate module and session and check the learning outcomes to make sure that this model suits their requirement.

Further customization can be done based on the requirements, identified from feedback and results, of group project and group assignment in order to enhance the mechanism of assessments.

REFERENCE LIST


