PERFORMANCE AND APPRAISAL FRAMEWORK FOR UNTRAINED TEACHERS WORKING IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS OF KARACHI

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Abstract

The need for performance and appraisal framework has immense importance globally and the need for the specific tool for evaluating teacher’s performance which is already practiced and required globally. The participants are 40 which include teachers and head teachers from both primary and secondary schooling system as well as the management staff. The selection is made on convenience and availability of the participant to be a part of this research as respondents. The methodology for conducting data is informal discussions with the respondents and they facilitate their discussion with giving positive feedback and responses by keeping in mind the objectives of the need of research. However, the major findings of this research paper is that the number of schools does not have a proper performance tool and the teachers are unaware of the performance and appraisal criterions, whereas, these schools also does not have a proper skilled management department to keep a track of teachers’ performance and appraisal records and no proper framework is developed for teachers’ performance and appraisal management. Therefore, this study is reflecting the importance of performance and appraisal framework for untrained teachers working in private schools of Karachi.

Keywords: Untrained teacher, Performance management, Appraisal

1 INTRODUCTION

The history of performance management is 60 years old and it was used to determine the wages of the workers. In those days the performance management was used as tool for reshaping the behavior and methods associated with task performance and accomplishments. However, a great deal of justification was present between wages and performance. In 1980 the concept of performance management increased and with this understanding the process has become more specialized and dignified (Shivali Jindal, 2015).

Performance and appraisal are always remaining the challenging task for the managers that how they can evaluate their employees to enhance their productivity and motivation which will result in the better outcomes for any organization to grow and produce its maximized benefits. Similar is in Pakistan, the performance and appraisal management is the most challenging task to encourage employee’s productivity to enhance their
job satisfaction at maximum level. This study is dealing with the framework for how to evaluate untrained teachers working in the private schools of Karachi Sindh and motivate them to perform well and create interest for professional learning and development as well. However, methods of performance and appraisals have its strength and weaknesses. It varies from organization to organization, school to school etc. Moreover, many techniques and tools are also practiced by managers for evaluating teachers’ performance and appraisals which are practiced globally in different other organizations. But, no specific tools or framework has been developed by these schools to evaluate teachers’ performance and appraisals for untrained staff working in their institutions. Whereas, appraisals are also required to develop high quality teaching which is very essential for the benefit of teachers and students. Therefore, teacher evaluation and appraisals should also be high in educational agendas. (Nandamuri, 2015)

1.1 Statement of Problem
As demonstrated by the literature review dated the need and gap is found for the proper techniques and tools or methodology to evaluate the performance and appraisal of untrained teachers teaching in private schools in Karachi. But, unfortunately no proper or authentic techniques are present to measure teachers’ performance and appraisals. Performance appraisal systems are always of imperative concern of any organization/institution while managing its human resources. Although education institutions depend upon both teaching and non-teaching staff working in it, yet major responsibility comes upon teachers who are the source of student’s knowledge, learning and development. Therefore, this need of teachers’ performance management compels these institutions to have systematic performance appraisal systems, in order to administer, evaluate and enhance teacher’s performance. (Rashid, February 2011)

1.2 Purpose of the Study
The purpose of the study is to determine some core components for evaluating the performance and appraisal management tools and techniques and to develop a framework for un-trained teachers working in private schools of Karachi in a large number. The study will not only motivate them towards professional growth and development. But also justifies the reward against their efforts and hard work they put in at their workplaces.

1.3 Research Objectives
- To find out whether, the teachers have an understanding of performance and appraisal management.
- To investigate their performance and appraisals system criterion.
- To develop a framework for the performance and appraisal managements for un-trained teachers.

1.4 Research Questions
- What do teachers know about performance and appraisal management?
- Do you know about the criterion beforehand, how your performance and appraisal be evaluated?
- What you think how your performance and appraisal framework should be developed?

2 LITERATURE REVIEW
The long-term viability and competitiveness of any organization depends on its performance management. Therefore, to evaluate the performance of employees are always a challenging task. The evaluation of performance is a valuable tool and an essential element for any management (Fekete, 2014). Evaluations are used by managers as a motivational tool to communicate their performance expectations and provide them with feedback. (Liliane, M, 2009) Stated that, “performance and competition can be evaluated by analyzing the certain performance indicators of employees’ performance with well-defined measures and framework. “It further studied, that employees should have good knowledge about performance appraisal management and has positive attitude towards their promotion and incentive increments that it will be judged honestly, with continuous feedback and suggestions from the employees too. The performance and appraisal should be made transparent and rational. (Neeti, 2015). However, the facts are to check the performance and quality properties of the employees. (Pitt, 2013). This paper reveals the performance criteria for the teachers. (Sayantani G, August 2013) studied the impact of performance and appraisal management related to the pay scale, role of resources, educational outcome and reliability of existing method and created a model for performance management in India in particular for the faculty of higher education. (Rajeev.V, 2008) In his report on performance management he focused on establishing goals for
all levels by creating KPI’S, self-reflective score card and providing a frame work for personal development. A fundamental element is to align the personal development with the ultimate goals to achieve in view organizational targets. Whereas, (Jorge M. S, 2010) expressed that Performance management is the sum up of performance appraisal systems long with wider human resource systems. Furthermore, the topic depicts the performance and appraisal management for teachers it reveals that one of the key elements of school-based management is personnel policies which cover performance management. All schools should have developed a framework for performance management, such as a staff appraisal system, induction and professional development of teachers, standards, accountability tool etc. (Education and Manpower Bureau, February 2003). Performance appraisal research falls into three main groups: the first group examines the variations in student learning from teachers within the appraisal process, the second evaluates teacher perceptions of the impact of the process on their practice and levels of motivation and the third evaluates effective performance appraisal conditions (Isore, 2009). Other countries are developing many tools for teachers appraisal and performance management like in 2008. The Council of Australian governments (COAG) agreed to a set of reforms focused on teacher quality. These reforms focused to make teaching career attractive, provide quality teacher training, appraise quality teachers, promote professional learning and support workforce mobility. (Ingvarson, 2010). However the teacher performance should be accountable and to keep in view many Australian and other countries has developed teacher accountability with students learning outcomes. (Lawrence, 2006). The another way for measuring teacher performance appraisal through evident framework is through different test scores of the students achieved in different subjects. (Milanowsky, 2009). Teacher appraisal on the other should be constructed according to conceptual framework and should be used as a strong evident document not only to evaluate teachers. But, also serve as guide for policy making. (George. O. Odiho, 2005). Furthermore, emphasis on the failure of existing models to explain variance in pupil outcome at the classroom level, teacher self-evaluation, restricted pupil outcome, teacher’s activities in and outside the classroom; curriculum subject; cross-cultural and organizational context of teaching can enhance the functional model for research and for teacher’s performance and appraisal to be explored. (R. J. Campbell, 2010). Were as no specific tool or criteria is set for the assessment and evaluation of performance and appraisals but few elements can facilitate the process likewise, set performance goals, quantified levels of performance should clearly instructed, execution of plan at every level, feedback should be provided to appraiser, and system must be equipped with all legalities (Gregory D. Rankin, 1988). Moreover, the purpose of performance and appraisal management is to provide employees with feedback, management planning career development. Hence, providing employees with feedback is the primary reason for performance development (Rea, 1983). (Deborah. F. Boiceics, 1997) That performance and appraisal management motivates employees to create dynamic workforce. Teacher performance appraisal policies are a part of a global complex of accountability based on constructive teacher policies (Larsen, Oct 2009). Another paper indicates some problem related to the problems faced by schools and education sector for performance and appraisal management are mismanagement, problem arises by applicants and evaluators which resulted as major constraint for devaluation in performance. (Teacher Performance Appraisal in Thailand, 2005). Looking into the teacher performance and appraisal management in 21 century is all about the knowledge of technology integration into teaching practices. (Kimberly. A. Lawless, 2007). In addition to this a meta-analysis was conducted to evaluate teachers performance and appraisal related to the best modestly found test scores for measuring teaching competencies and performance in the preparation programs and use to significantly use the test scores for better Predictor of teaching skills. (Jerome. V’. Dagistano, 2009) — Performance appraisal is a discrete, formal, organizationally sanctioned event, usually not performing frequently than once or twice a year, which has clearly stated performance criterion that are used in the evaluation process. We find that teachers are more productive during the school year when they are being evaluated, but even more productive in the years after evaluation. (Tyler, 2012) Moreover rewards and awards should be given to the individual for motivation and recognition (Fatima, 2016).

3 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND METHODS

The research methodology is qualitative in nature and the method used is grounded theory because there is no specific tool or framework for performance and Appraisal for untrained teachers.

3.1 Population & Sampling

The total populations are from teachers, head teachers and administration staff from different schools located in different areas of Karachi possessing Masters and Bachelor’s degree in different discipline with working experience of minimum five years teaching in the same institution. Whereas, the sample are 40 including all the untrained teachers, head teachers and admin staff. Moreover, the selection of the
participants is through personal knowledge and convenient sampling technique. All the participants are females from different family and educational backgrounds aged from 24 to 50 years both married and unmarried teaching from grade 1 to grade 8 and possessing 5 years or more as teaching working experience in private schools of Karachi. However, our respondents have minimum 5 years of working experience in the same private school they are working presently.

3.2 Data Collection
The collection of data was through one to one interviews, written answers, focused group and general discussions the information was collected in an informal manner so that none of the respondent felt judged embarrassed. However, throughout the collection of data clarity of questions were made to get in-depth knowledge from the respondents, keeping in mind to construct an easily practiced and understandable framework for untrained teachers working in private schools of Karachi.

3.3 Data Analysis
The interviews, observation and written answers were constantly monitoring and firstly the data was analyzed with open coding and after going through all the data collection again a systematic impressive thematic analysis has been constructed to create an authentic a meaningful data which will be used as major terminologies for the constructive framework to evaluate untrained teacher working in Karachi in better way.

3.3.1 Performance Management Framework
3.3.2 The Appraisals Framework

![Diagram]

Fig. 3.3.1
4 RESULTS

4.1 Discussion

The performance and appraisal management is needed for the better performance but unfortunately, the private schools working in karachi are not having reliable or authentic such tools because of miscellaneous reasons. However, the following criterion can be keep in mind which are the responds of our respondents to provide any school organization with a better and easy frame work without hurting any employee untrained teacher.

- Mutual Agreed Criterion

The school management should make its performance and appraisal framework with great honesty, unbiased attitude, professionalism in mind, transparency and by keep in mind the capabilities and abilities of their teachers. Its should be easy to understand and agreeable by all the members of the organization or school. The parameters should be set mutually for instance that proficiency of language, appearance, dressing of the teacher, her empathetic level towards her colleagues and students, how well she worked in a team and quick she is in completing her task etc. should be framed in a manner which displays transparency and no favouritism. where as a checklist can be developed to evaluate the teachers in the above mentioned criterions.

- Content Knowledge and Teaching Practices

Sometimes the untrained teacher has more strong knowledge, pedagogies, strategies, methodologies and organizing abilities that even the degree holder trained teachers does not possess. So, the framework should be constructed in such a manner that it evaluate each teacher with having her performance in depth knowledge, the judgements and appraisals decisions should not be made on personal choices. But according to the set parameters like how regular is she coming to her work? How is her content or subject knowledge which she is teaching? How committed is she with her work? What are her strengths while working with classroom management and her weak points? How she dealt with each of her student? What is her way of teaching? Is she adopting traditional way or bringing innovations in her classroom? Is she focused? Is she task oriented? Does she like to challenge herself and want to bring a positive behaviour change in her students? These are some points the framework should include in this because sometimes even the trained teachers also does not have capabilities and abilities while the untrained teachers posses as they are born teachers or has passion for their work.

- Self Reflection/Self Evaluation

This is missing in karachi private school educational system. The relation with one inner self, as how good I am as a teacher? Does I am meeting my management, students, colleagues and parents expectations? What are my strengths? What are my weaknesses? Where should I focus to perform more well? How can I achieve more better results? Are my content knowledge and practicing appropriates according to my students need? Does I am meeting my students need? What is the best part I enjoy at my work? Does I feel bored why? Talking to one self evaluating to oneself not only improve the performance at work but also change the attitude of oneself and give them some amazing energy and motivation intrinsically. A continuous self reflective writings and practices or counselling sessions can help teachers to achieve their job satisfaction and zest for doing better then before can be developed.

- Professional Development

This is the core element for teaching practices as all the participants were agreed that we should be evaluated on number of professional development trainings, seminars, workshops and lectures we are attending in an year. How much change in our methodology and strategies has come what fruitful result our organization or institute has achieved from each training should be evaluated and assessed as many teachers responded that these professional development courses are more expensive than our incentives or they are time consuming or why we do trainings when we will not get any incentive or appraisal. So, a proper framework with proper professional development plan cannot only motivate teachers to invest on their learning but will also inspire others to work professionally. where I would like to quote the one respondent statement “invest in yourself to be cashed later”

- Feedback

Feedback is most important tool for anything. A best manager is one which provide his employees with
continuous feedback. The teacher performance and appraisals should also possess a great feedback back not only from colleagues, managements, but also from parents and students. Its not only motivate the teachers to work better but it also increase their self worth. This can be possible through lesson observations, checklist, written or verbal parents and student feedback and through the classroom observations and students assessment reports.

4.1.1 Appraisal Management

No one is this world live without appraisals, the proper appraisal framework should also be developed in the schools. According to the participant teachers they never get justified appraisals, the annual increments in salaries are same for everyone or divided according to grade level. According to them every teacher need a proper appraisal and justifications. The disparity in appraisals not only made them disheartened, irritated, sad, furusted. But also burnt -out and they don’t feel like working with high spirits and does not able to prove themselves at their fullest (PITT, 2013).

- Financial Appraisal

These appraisals are highly liked by every participant. According to them yearly salary increments should be given on the performance criteria and every individual should be assessed on a specific agreed framework. Second, some other financial incentives like bonuses, holiday packages, professional development opportunities. Festival gifts etc cannot only increased the performance of the teachers. But also motivate them to work with more dedication and honesty.

- Fringe Benefits

Fringe benefits are other type of appraisals indicated by participants and according to them its also motivated them to perform well. But according to one of the participants they are not justified as, many schools give freeships to the teachers children but what about those who are also working at their fullest but not married? Maternity leave with pay is given and plus the 40 days leave also given in some institutions again its not justified with everyone. In this manner some of employees are getting higher appraisals if their benefits are also addup. Whereas, the other gain minimal increments in their salaries. A transparent appraisal framework should be developed to benefit the teachers according to their performance management criterions whether in terms of benefits as medical, house rent, holiday packages, club memberships or education compensations etc or in shape of annual increments in their salary packages. Hence, this will create equal opportunities for every employ working in that private school.

- Non Financial Appraisals

This study emphasise on the non financial appraisals as well like after continuous feedback a nice written appraisal letter or certificates can do miracles in the performance of the teachers they not only give them a sense of achievement. But also encourage them to work more harder and motivate them to work at their maximum potentials. Hence according to the teacher respondents they felt happy and attain maximum job satisfaction with these type of appraisals.

4.2 Findings

Teaching in private schools in Karachi is always taken as a half day job and has been taken as “anyone who has studied can teach.” According to the general opinion, no proper training is required for teaching. On the other hand, the school owners appointed teachers with the only prominent qualification as fluent in second language as the most important trait in a “TEACHER” and secondly, her appearance. During, my data collection, I observed and find out that there are no proper criteria for teachers’ recruitment or for teachers’ performance and appraisal management in number of private schools working in Karachi. However, this is also observed that most of the teachers’ teaching in these schools does not possess any certificate or professional teaching degree like B.Ed. etc. Furthermore, they are practicing the old methodology of teaching and rotting system is the common practice in these schools. There is no special criteria prevailed for measuring teacher performance and appraisals and whereas, yearly increments also has no proper justification or criteria for increased in salary for the particular teacher. No proper framework or tool for assessing teacher performance is established in these schools which results in demotivated, uninterested, lazy teachers on one hand and on other hand, the teachers who are intrinsically motivated feel depressed and sometimes burnt-out. Moreover, the head teachers and office staff are also not trained and equipped with knowledge to monitor the teacher performance and appraisal management with transparency and without bias attitudes. According to the head teachers, and management there are number of the management claim because of transitory teachers in the organization the frame work cannot be developed.
Furthermore, they claim that new teachers in the organization are always appointed on the higher pay scale so to bring harmony in scales would be a difficult task. Whereas, they also proposed that teachers who join this profession are not loyal and dedicated to this profession. Untrained management staff is also a hurdle in creating and assessing the teacher performance and appraisals. Politics in the staff will be developed as everyone will think that the appraisals are done on personal preferences of the management. Mind set of the employers that old teachers has more loyalty for the institutions and they are the pillar of the institution so we cannot deprive them. No matter if they are not performing according to the current needs of the organization. Fear of teacher will quit the institution if she will be given professional development. Hence, its also stated by the participants that school management are short of finances to hire a proper data analyst. Furthermore, its also stated that no document has been provided to the institutions from the government education department regarding how much appraisal a teacher should get and criterion. Therefore, the framework has been developed from this study to help these schools in establishing a proper tool to assess and evaluate their teachers and benefitted them with their job satisfaction and to help management and head teachers to develop their need based inexpensive performance and appraisal management tool.

4.3 Recommendations
The institutes should develop a proper framework or implement the above framework which not only increased the productivity of the teachers but also create a love for their work in themselves. A good organization or institute will never deprived their workforce rather they will encourage and motivate each member of the organization to perform with all the efforts they can put in. So, the performance and management should be taken as a golden key to success for any institute to delicately evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of their teaching staff with continuous feedback and appraisals to create a team which can do wonders and bring about positive change in the field of education.

REFERENCE LIST


